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ANALYTICAL
PHENOMENON



CARTEA ROMÂNEASCĂ
EDUCAȚIONAL

MOTTO:

**“The best way to follow your dreams
is to wake up!”**

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Chapter 0

FAMOUS THEOREMS

CAUCHY-SCHWARZ Inequality

$$(ax + by)^2 \leq (a^2 + b^2)(x^2 + y^2); a, b, x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(ax + by + cz)^2 \leq (a^2 + b^2 + c^2)(x^2 + y^2 + z^2); a, b, c, x, y, z \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i \right)^2 \leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right); a_i, x_i \in \mathbb{R}, i \in \overline{1, n}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{b^2}{y} \geq \frac{(a+b)^2}{x+y}; a, b \in \mathbb{R}; x, y \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a^2}{x} + \frac{b^2}{y} + \frac{c^2}{z} \geq \frac{(a+b+c)^2}{x+y+z}; a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}; x, y, z \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a}{x} + \frac{b}{y} + \frac{c}{z} \geq \frac{(a+b+c)^2}{ax+by+cz}; a, b, c, x, y, z \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a_1^2}{x_1} + \frac{a_2^2}{x_2} + \dots + \frac{a_n^2}{x_n} \geq \frac{(a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n)^2}{x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n}; a_i \in \mathbb{R}; x_i > 0; i \in \overline{1, n}$$

$$\frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b} \geq \frac{3}{2}; (\forall) a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a}{b+nc} + \frac{b}{c+na} + \frac{c}{a+nb} \geq \frac{3}{n+1}; a, b, c \in (0, \infty); n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

MINKOWSKI's Inequality

$$\sqrt{(x+a)^2 + (y+b)^2} \leq \sqrt{x^2 + y^2} + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(x+y+z)^2 + (a+b+c)^2} \leq \sqrt{x^2 + a^2} + \sqrt{y^2 + b^2} + \sqrt{z^2 + c^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(x+a)^2 + (y+b)^2 + (z+c)^2} \leq \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2} + \sqrt{a^2 + b^2 + c^2}$$

$$\sqrt{(x_1+a_1)^2 + (x_2+a_2)^2 + \dots + (x_n+a_n)^2} \leq \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \dots + x_n^2} + \sqrt{a_1^2 + a_2^2 + \dots + a_n^2}$$

$$x_i; a_i \in \mathbb{R}; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i + y_i|^p \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^p \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} + \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |y_i|^p \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

$$p > 1; x_i, y_i \in \mathbb{R}; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

HÖLDER's Inequality

$$\frac{a^3}{x} + \frac{b^3}{y} + \frac{c^3}{z} \geq \frac{(a+b+c)^3}{3(x+y+z)}; a, b, c, x, y, z \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a^4}{x} + \frac{b^4}{y} + \frac{c^4}{z} \geq \frac{(a+b+c)^4}{9(x+y+z)}; a, b, c, x, y, z \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{a^n}{x} + \frac{b^n}{y} + \frac{c^n}{z} \geq \frac{(a+b+c)^n}{3^{n-2}(x+y+z)}; a, b, c, x, y, z \in (0, \infty); n \in \mathbb{N}; n \geq 2$$

$$\frac{a^n}{x} + \frac{b^n}{y} \geq \frac{(a+b)^n}{2^{n-2}(x+y)}; a, b, x, y \in (0, \infty); n \geq 2; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\frac{x^3}{a^2} + \frac{y^3}{b^2} + \frac{z^3}{c^2} \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^3}{(a+b+c)^2}; x, y, z, a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{x^4}{a^3} + \frac{y^4}{b^3} + \frac{z^4}{c^3} \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^4}{(a+b+c)^3}; x, y, z, a, b, c \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{x^{n+1}}{a^n} + \frac{y^{n+1}}{b^n} + \frac{z^{n+1}}{c^n} \geq \frac{(x+y+z)^{n+1}}{(a+b+c)^n}; x, y, z, a, b, c \in (0, \infty); n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^3\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n b_i^3\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i^3\right) \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i c_i\right)^3; a_i, b_i, c_i \in [0, \infty); n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^4\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n b_i^4\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i^4\right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n d_i^4\right) \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i c_i d_i\right)^4; a_i, b_i, c_i, d_i \in \mathbb{R}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i y_i| \leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^p\right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \cdot \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |y_i|^q\right)^{\frac{1}{q}}; p, q \in (1, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1; x_i, y_i \in \mathbb{R}; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

HUYGENS's Inequality

$$(1+a_1)(1+a_2) \geq (1+\sqrt{a_1 a_2})^2; a_1, a_2 \in [0, \infty)$$

$$(1+a_1)(1+a_2)(1+a_3) \geq (1+\sqrt[3]{a_1 a_2 a_3})^3; a_1, a_2, a_3 \in [0, \infty)$$

$$(1+a_1)(1+a_2)(1+a_3)(1+a_4) \geq (1+\sqrt[4]{a_1 a_2 a_3 a_4})^4; a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4 \in [0, \infty)$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (1+x_i) \geq (1+\sqrt[n]{x_1 x_2 \cdots x_n})^n; a_i \in [0, \infty); n \in \mathbb{N}; n \geq 2$$

$$(a_1+b_1)(a_2+b_2) \geq (\sqrt{a_1 a_2} + \sqrt{b_1 b_2})^2$$

$$(a_1+b_1)(a_2+b_2)(a_3+b_3) \geq (\sqrt[3]{a_1 a_2 a_3} + \sqrt[3]{b_1 b_2 b_3})^3$$

$$(a_1+b_1)(a_2+b_2) \cdots (a_n+b_n) \geq (\sqrt[n]{a_1 a_2 \cdots a_n} + \sqrt[n]{b_1 b_2 \cdots b_n})^n$$

$$(a_1+b_1+c_1)(a_2+b_2+c_2) \geq (\sqrt{a_1 a_2} + \sqrt{b_1 b_2} + \sqrt{c_1 c_2})^2$$

$$(a_1+b_1+c_1)(a_2+b_2+c_2) \cdots (a_n+b_n+c_n) \geq (\sqrt[n]{a_1 a_2 \cdots a_n} + \sqrt[n]{b_1 b_2 \cdots b_n} + \sqrt[n]{c_1 c_2 \cdots c_n})^n$$

Generalization of HÖLDER's Inequality

$$\prod_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n x_{ij} \right)^{w_j} \geq \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\prod_{j=1}^n x_{ij}^{w_j} \right)$$

$$w_1 + w_2 + \cdots + w_n = 1$$

CHEBYSHEV's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2) \wedge (y_1 \leq y_2) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 \geq \frac{1}{2} (x_1 + x_2)(y_1 + y_2) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2 \leq x_3) \wedge (y_1 \leq y_2 \leq y_3) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2 \geq x_3) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2 \geq y_3) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + x_3 y_3 \geq \frac{1}{3} (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(y_1 + y_2 + y_3) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2 \leq \cdots \leq x_n) \wedge (y_1 \leq y_2 \leq \cdots \leq y_n) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2 \geq \cdots \geq x_n) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2 \geq \cdots \geq y_n) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \cdots + x_n y_n \geq \frac{1}{n} (x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_n)(y_1 + y_2 + \cdots + y_n) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2) \wedge (y_2 \leq y_2) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 \leq \frac{1}{2} (x_1 + x_2)(y_1 + y_2) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2 \leq x_3) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2 \geq y_3) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2 \geq x_3) \wedge (y_1 + y_2 + y_3) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + x_3 y_3 \leq \frac{1}{3} (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(y_1 + y_2 + y_3) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} (x_1 \leq x_2 \leq \cdots \leq x_n) \wedge (y_1 \geq y_2 \geq \cdots \geq y_n) \text{ or } (x_1 \geq x_2 \geq \cdots \geq x_n) \wedge \\ \quad \wedge (y_1 \leq y_2 \leq \cdots \leq y_n) \\ x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2 + \cdots + x_n y_n \leq \frac{1}{n} (x_1 + x_2 + \cdots + x_n)(y_1 + y_2 + \cdots + y_n) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n f(a_i) g(b_i) p_i \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n f(a_i) p_i \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n g(b_i) p_i \right) \geq \sum_{i=1}^n f(a_i) g(b_{n-i+1}) p_i \\ \text{for } a_1 \leq a_2 \leq \cdots \leq a_n; b_1 \leq b_2 \leq \cdots \leq b_n \\ p_i \geq 0; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*; p_1 + p_2 + \cdots + p_n = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

f, g non-decreasing

SCHUR's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^r(a-b)(a-c) + b^r(b-a)(b-c) + c^r(c-a)(c-b) \geq 0 \\ a, b, c \in [0, \infty); r > 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^3 + b^3 + c^3 + 3abc \geq ab(a+b) + bc(b+c) + ca(c+a) \\ abc \geq (-a+b+c)(a-b+c)(a+b-c) \\ (a+b+c)^3 + 9abc \geq 4(a+b+c)(ab+bc+ca) \\ (a-b)^2(a+b-c) + (b-c)^2(b+c-a) + (c-a)^2(c+a-b) \geq 0 \\ a^2 + b^2 + c^2 + \frac{9abc}{a+b+c} \geq 2(ab+bc+ca) \\ \frac{a}{b+c} + \frac{b}{c+a} + \frac{c}{a+b} + \frac{4abc}{(a+b)(b+c)(c+a)} \geq 2 \\ a, b, c \in (0, \infty) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^4 + b^4 + c^4 + abc(a+b+c) \geq ab(a^2+b^2) + bc(b^2+c^2) + ca(c^2+a^2) \\ a, b, c \in [0, \infty) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_i^2 \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_{j=1}^n A_{ij}^2 \right) \\ \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \dots, \lambda_n \text{ eigenvalues of } A; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right. ; A \in M_n(\mathbb{R})$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^k a_{ii} \leq \sum_{i=1}^k \lambda_i ; 1 \leq k \leq n; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \\ \lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \dots \geq \lambda_n \text{ eigenvalues of } A = (a_{ij}) \\ a_{11} \geq a_{22} \geq \dots \geq a_{nn} \end{array} \right.$$

MILNE's Inequality

$$(a_1 + b_1 + a_2 + b_2) \left(\frac{a_1 b_1}{a_1 + b_1} + \frac{a_2 b_2}{a_2 + b_2} \right) \leq (a_1 + a_2)(b_2 + b_2)$$

$$(a_1 + b_1 + a_2 + b_2 + a_3 + b_3) \left(\frac{a_1 b_1}{a_1 + b_1} + \frac{a_2 b_2}{a_2 + b_2} + \frac{a_3 b_3}{a_3 + b_3} \right) \leq (a_1 + a_2 + a_3) \cdot (b_1 + b_2 + b_3)$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n (a_i + b_i) \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{a_i b_i}{a_i + b_i} \right) \leq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n b_i \right), i \in \overline{1, n}; n \geq 2; \\ a_i > 0; b_i > 0$$

REARRANGEMENT's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \geq \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \geq \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_{n-i+1} \\ a_1 \leq a_2 \leq \dots \leq a_n; b_1 \leq b_2 \leq \dots \leq b_n \\ \pi = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & \dots & i & \dots & n \\ \dots & \dots & \pi(i) & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix} \in S_n; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n f_i(b_i) \geq \sum_{i=1}^n f_i(b_{\pi(i)}) \geq \sum_{i=1}^n f_i(b_{n-i+1}) \\ \text{with } (f_{i+1}(x) - f_i(x)) \text{ non-decreasing; } 1 \leq i \leq n \end{array} \right.$$

STIRLING's Inequality

$$e \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n \leq \sqrt{2\pi n} \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n e^{\frac{1}{12n+1}} \leq n! \leq \sqrt{2n\pi} \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n e^{\frac{1}{12n}} \leq en \left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^n$$

MAHLER's Inequality

$$\sqrt{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)} \geq \sqrt{x_1 x_2} + \sqrt{y_1 y_2}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)(x_3 + y_3)} \geq \sqrt[3]{x_1 x_2 x_3} + \sqrt[3]{y_1 y_2 y_3}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{(x_1 + y_1)(x_2 + y_2)(x_3 + y_3)(x_4 + y_4)} \geq \sqrt[4]{x_1 x_2 x_3 x_4} + \sqrt[4]{y_1 y_2 y_3 y_4}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (x_i + y_i)^{\frac{1}{n}} \geq \prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{\frac{1}{n}} + \prod_{i=1}^n y_i^{\frac{1}{n}}$$

$x_i, y_i > 0; i \in \overline{2, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}; n \geq 2$

WEIERSTRASS Inequality

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - x_i)^{w_i} \geq 1 - \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i; x_i \leq 1; w_i \geq 1 \text{ or } w_i \leq 0; i \in \overline{1, n}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - x_i)^{w_i} \leq 1 - \sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i; w_i \in [0, 1]; \sum_{i=1}^n w_i \leq 1;$$

$x_i \in (-\infty, 1]; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

RADON's Inequality

$$\frac{x_1^m}{a_1^{m-1}} + \frac{x_2^m}{a_2^{m-1}} + \dots + \frac{x_n^m}{a_n^{m-1}} \geq \frac{(x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n)^m}{(a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n)^{m-1}}$$

$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \in (0, \infty); m \geq 1; n \geq 1$

YOUNG's Inequality

$$\left(\frac{1}{px^p} + \frac{1}{qx^q}\right)^{-1} \leq xy \leq \frac{x^p}{p} + \frac{y^q}{q}, \quad x, y \in (0, \infty); \quad p, q \in (0, \infty); \quad \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$$

JENSEN's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ convex on } I; \\ a, b, c, x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \in I; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \\ f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \leq \frac{f(a)+f(b)}{2} \\ f\left(\frac{a+b+c}{3}\right) \leq \frac{f(a)+f(b)+f(c)}{3} \\ f\left(\frac{x_1+x_2+\dots+x_n}{n}\right) \leq \frac{f(x_1)+f(x_2)+\dots+f(x_n)}{n} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ concave on } I; \\ f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \geq \frac{f(a)+f(b)}{2} \\ f\left(\frac{a+b+c}{3}\right) \geq \frac{f(a)+f(b)+f(c)}{3} \\ f\left(\frac{x_1+x_2+\dots+x_n}{n}\right) \geq \frac{f(x_1)+f(x_2)+\dots+f(x_n)}{n} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ convex on } I; \\ p_i \geq 0; p_1 + p_2 + \dots + p_n = 1 \\ f(p_1x_1 + p_2x_2 + \dots + p_nx_n) \leq p_1f(x_1) + p_2f(x_2) + \dots + p_nf(x_n) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ concave on } I \\ p_i \geq 0; p_1 + p_2 + \dots + p_n = 1 \\ f(p_1x_1 + p_2x_2 + \dots + p_nx_n) \geq p_1f(x_1) + p_2f(x_2) + \dots + p_nf(x_n) \end{array} \right.$$

WEIGHTED MEANS Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} w = w_1 + w_2 \\ \frac{w_1x_1 + w_2x_2}{w_1 + w_2} \geq \sqrt[2]{x_1^{w_1} \cdot x_2^{w_2}} \geq \frac{w}{\frac{w_1}{x_1} + \frac{w_2}{x_2}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} w = w_1 + w_2 + w_3 \\ \frac{w_1x_1 + w_2x_2 + w_3x_3}{w_1 + w_2 + w_3} \geq \sqrt[3]{x_1^{w_1} \cdot x_2^{w_2} \cdot x_3^{w_3}} \geq \frac{w}{\frac{w_1}{x_1} + \frac{w_2}{x_2} + \frac{w_3}{x_3}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i} \geq \sqrt[\sum_{i=1}^n w_i]{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{w_i}} \geq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{w_i}{x_i}} \\ w_i > 0; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*. \text{Convention: } 0^0 = 1 \end{array} \right.$$

MEANS Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \min\{x_i\} \leq \frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{x_i}} \leq \sqrt[n]{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i} \leq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i}{n} \leq \sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} \leq \max\{x_i\} \\ x_i \in (0, \infty); i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right.$$

POWER MEANS Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a|x_1|^2 + b|x_2|^2} \leq \sqrt[3]{a|x_1|^3 + b|x_2|^3} \\ a, b, \in [0, \infty); a + b = 1; x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt[p]{a|x_1|^p + b|x_2|^p} \leq \sqrt[q]{a|x_1|^q + b|x_2|^q} \\ p \geq q > 0; a, b \in [0, \infty); a + b = 1; x_1, x_2 \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{a|x_1|^2 + b|x_2|^2 + c|x_3|^2} \leq \sqrt[3]{a|x_1|^3 + b|x_2|^3 + c|x_3|^3} \\ a, b, c \in [0, \infty); a + b + c = 1; x_1, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt[p]{a|x_1|^2 + b|x_2|^2 + c|x_3|^2} \leq \sqrt[q]{a|x_1|^3 + b|x_2|^3 + c|x_3|^3} \\ a, b, c \in [0, \infty); a + b + c = 1; x_1, x_2, x_3 \in \mathbb{R} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt[p]{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i |x_i|^p} \leq \sqrt[q]{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i |x_i|^q} \\ p, q \in [0, \infty); p \leq q; w_i \in [0, \infty) \\ i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*; w_1 + w_2 + \dots + w_n = 1 \\ M(p) = \sqrt[p]{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i |x_i|^p} \\ \lim_{p \rightarrow 0} M(p) = \prod_{i=1}^n |x_i|^{w_i} \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} M(p) = \min\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\} \\ \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} M(p) = \max\{x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n\} \end{array} \right.$$

LEHMER's Inequality

$$\frac{w_1|x_1|^p + w_2|x_2|^p}{w_1|x_1|^{p-1} + w_2|x_2|^{p-1}} \leq \frac{w_1|x_1|^q + w_2|x_2|^q}{w_1|x_1|^{q-1} + w_2|x_2|^{q-1}}$$

$$\frac{w_1|x_1|^p + w_2|x_2|^p + w_3|x_3|^p}{w_1|x_1|^{p-1} + w_2|x_2|^{p-1} + w_3|x_3|^{p-1}} \leq \frac{w_1|x_1|^q + w_2|x_2|^q + w_3|x_3|^q}{w_1|x_1|^{q-1} + w_2|x_2|^{q-1} + w_3|x_3|^{q-1}}$$

$$\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i|x_i|^p}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i|x_i|^{p-1}} \leq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i|x_i|^q}{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i|x_i|^{q-1}}, p \leq q; w_i \geq 0; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

CARLEMAN's Inequality

$$\sum_{k=1}^n \left(\prod_{i=1}^k |a_i| \right)^{\frac{1}{k}} \leq e \sum_{k=1}^n |a_k|, n \in \mathbb{N}^*; a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n \in \mathbb{R}$$

CALLEBAUT's Inequality

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^{1+x} b_i^{1-x} \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^{1-x} b_i^{1+x} \right) \geq \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^{1+y} b_i^{1-y} \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^{1-y} b_i^{1+y} \right)$$

$1 \geq x \geq y \geq 0; i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

SUM & PRODUCT Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{j=1}^m \prod_{i=1}^n a_{ij} \geq \sum_{j=1}^m \prod_{i=1}^n a_{i\pi(j)} \\ \prod_{j=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^n a_{ij} \leq \prod_{j=1}^m \sum_{i=1}^n a_{i\pi(j)} \\ 0 \leq a_{i1} \leq a_{i2} \leq \dots \leq a_{im}; i \in \overline{1, n} \\ \pi = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & \dots & i & \dots & n \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \pi(i) & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \left| \prod_{i=1}^n a_i - \prod_{i=1}^n b_i \right| \leq \sum_{i=1}^n |a_i - b_i|; |a_i| \leq 1; |b_i| \leq 1 \right.$$

$i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*; a_i, b_i \in \mathbb{R};$

$$\prod_{i=1}^n (\alpha + a_i) \geq (1 + \alpha)^n; \prod_{i=1}^n a_i \geq 1; a_i > 0; \alpha > 0$$

SQUARE & ROOT Inequality

$$\left\{ 2\sqrt{x+1} - 2\sqrt{x} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} < \sqrt{x+1} - \sqrt{x-1} < 2\sqrt{x} - 2\sqrt{x-1}; x \geq 1 \right.$$

LOGARITHM MEAN Inequality

$$\left\{ \sqrt{xy} \leq \left(\frac{\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}}{2} \right)^2 \sqrt[4]{xy} \leq \frac{x-y}{\ln x - \ln y} \leq \frac{(\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y})^2}{2} \leq \frac{x+y}{2}; \right. \\ \left. x, y \in (0, \infty) \right.$$

HEINZ's Inequality

$$\left\{ \sqrt{xy} \leq \frac{x^{1-\alpha}y^\alpha + x^\alpha y^{1-\alpha}}{2} \leq \frac{x+y}{2}; x, y > 0, \alpha \in [0,1] \right.$$

MACLAURIN's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{a+b+c}{3} \geq \sqrt{\frac{ab+ac+ca}{3}} \geq \sqrt[3]{abc} \\ \frac{a+b+c+d}{4} \geq \sqrt{\frac{ab+ac+ad+bc+bd+cd}{6}} \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{abc+abd+bcd+acd}{4}} \geq \\ \geq \sqrt[4]{abcd} \\ \frac{\sum x_i}{n} \geq \sqrt{\frac{\sum x_i x_j}{\binom{n}{2}}} \geq \sqrt[3]{\frac{\sum x_i x_j x_k}{\binom{n}{3}}} \geq \dots \geq \sqrt[n-1]{\frac{\sum x_{i_1} x_{i_2} \dots x_{i_{n-1}}}{\binom{n}{n-1}}} \geq \sqrt[n]{x_{i_1} x_{i_2} \dots x_{i_n}} \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} S_k^2 \geq S_{k-1} S_{k+1}; \sqrt[k]{S_k} \geq \sqrt[k+1]{S_{k+1}}; 1 \leq k < n \\ S_k = \frac{1}{\binom{n}{k}} \cdot \sum_{1 \leq i_1 < \dots < i_k \leq n} a_{i_1} a_{i_2} \dots a_{i_k}; a_i \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

BERNOULLI's Inequality

$$\begin{array}{l} (1+x)^r \geq 1+rx; x \geq -1; r \in (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, \infty) \\ (1+x)^r \leq 1+rx; x \geq -1; r \in [0,1] \\ (1+x)^r \leq 1+(2^r-1)x; x \in [0,1]; r \in (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, \infty) \\ (1+x)^n \leq \frac{1}{1-nx}; x \in [-1,0]; n \in \mathbb{N} \\ (1+x)^r \leq 1 + \frac{rx}{1-(r-1)x}; x \in \left[-1, \frac{1}{r-1}\right]; r > 1 \\ (1+nx)^{n+1} \geq (1+(n+1)x)^n; x \in \mathbb{R}; n \in \mathbb{N} \end{array}$$

$$(a + b)^n \leq a^n + nb(a + b)^{n-1}; a, b \geq 0; n \in \mathbb{N}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{x}{p}\right)^p \geq \left(1 + \frac{x}{q}\right)^q \text{ for } \begin{cases} (i) x > 0; p > q > 0 \\ (ii) -p < -q < x < 0 \\ (iii) -q > -p > x > 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\left(1 + \frac{x}{p}\right)^p \leq \left(1 + \frac{x}{q}\right)^q \text{ for } \begin{cases} (iv) q < 0 < p, -q > x > 0 \\ (v) q < 0 < p, -p < x < 0 \end{cases}$$

TRIGONOMETRIC Inequalities

$$x - \frac{x^3}{2} \leq x \cos x \leq \frac{x \cos x}{1 - x^{\frac{2}{3}}} \leq x^{\frac{3}{2}} \sqrt{\cos x} \leq x - \frac{x^3}{6} \leq x \cos \frac{x}{\sqrt{3}} \leq \sin x$$

HIPERBOLIC Inequalities

$$x \cos x \leq \frac{x^3}{\sin h^2 x} \leq x \cos^2 \left(\frac{x}{2}\right) \leq \sin x \leq (x \cos x + 2x)/3 \leq \frac{x^2}{\sin hx}$$

$$\frac{2x}{\pi} \leq \sin x \leq x \cos \frac{x}{2} \leq x \leq x + \frac{x^3}{3} \leq \tan x; x \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$

$$\cos hx + \alpha \sin hx \leq e^{x(\alpha + \frac{x}{2})}; x \in \mathbb{R}; \alpha \in [-1, 1]$$

ACZEL's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \left(a_1 b_1 - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \right)^2 &\geq \left(a_1^2 - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 \right) \left(b_1^2 - \sum_{i=2}^n b_i^2 \right) \\ &\text{if } a_1^2 > \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^2 \text{ or } b_1^2 > \sum_{i=2}^n b_i^2 \end{aligned} \right.$$

ABEL's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} b_1 \min_k \sum_{i=1}^k a_i &\leq \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \leq b_1 \max_k \sum_{i=1}^k a_i \\ b_1 &\geq b_2 \geq \dots \geq b_n \geq 0; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{aligned} \right.$$

KY FAN's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n x_i^{a_i}}{\prod_{i=1}^n (1 - x_i)^{a_i}} &\leq \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i x_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i (1 - x_i)}; x_i \in \left[0, \frac{1}{2}\right] \\ a_i &\in [0, 1]; a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1 \end{aligned} \right.$$

SHAPIRO's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{x_i}{x_{i+1} + x_{i+2}} \geq \frac{n}{2}; x_i > 0; x_{n+1} = x_1; x_{n+2} = x_2 \\ n \leq 12, n \text{ uneven or } n \leq 23, n \text{ even}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*; n \geq 3 \end{array} \right.$$

CHONG's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{a_i}{a_{\pi(i)}} \geq n; \prod_{i=1}^n a_i^{a_i} \geq \prod_{i=1}^n a_i^{a_{\pi(i)}}; a_i > 0 \\ \pi = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & \dots & i & \dots & n \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \pi(i) & \dots & \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix} \in S_n; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right.$$

SURANYI's Inequality

If $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n > 0, n \in \mathbb{N}^*$ then:

$$(n-1)(a_1^n + a_2^n + \dots + a_n^n) + na_1 a_2 \dots a_n \geq (a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n)(a_1^{n-1} + a_2^{n-1} + \dots + a_n^{n-1})$$

HÖLDER's Reversed Inequality

$$\frac{a_1^p}{b_1^q} + \frac{a_2^p}{b_2^q} + \frac{a_3^p}{b_3^q} \geq \frac{(a_1 + a_2 + a_3)^p}{(b_1 + b_2 + b_3)^p} \cdot 3^{1+q-p}$$

$a_1, a_2, a_3, b_1, b_2, b_3, p, q \in (0, \infty)$

VIÈTE INTERFERENCES - 1

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = q, abc = r$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = p^2 - 2q$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = p^3 - 3pq + 3r$$

$$a^4 + b^4 + c^4 = (p^2 - 2q)^2 - 2(q^2 - 2pr)$$

$$a^2 b^2 + b^2 c^2 + c^2 a^2 = q^2 - 2pr$$

$$a^2 b + ab^2 + a^2 c + ac^2 + b^2 c + bc^2 = pq - 3r$$

$$(a + b)(b + c)(c + a) = pq - r$$

$$(2a - b - c)(2b - c - a)(2c - a - b) = 2p^3 - 9pq + 27r^2$$

$$(a^2 + b^2)(b^2 + c^2)(c^2 + a^2) = p^2q^2 - 2p^3q - 2p^3 + 4pqr - r^2$$

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{a} + \frac{a}{c} + \frac{c}{a} + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{b} = \frac{pq - 3r}{r}$$

VIÈTE INTERFERENCES - 2

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = q, abc = r$$

$$\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} = \frac{q}{r}, \quad \frac{1}{a^2} + \frac{1}{b^2} + \frac{1}{c^2} = \frac{q^2 - 2pr}{r^2}$$

$$\left(\frac{a}{b}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{a}{c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{b}{c}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{c}{b}\right)^2 = \frac{p^2q^2 - 2q^3 - 2p^3r + 4q^2r - 3r^2}{r^2}$$

$$\frac{a^2}{b} + \frac{a^2}{c} + \frac{b^2}{a} + \frac{b^2}{c} + \frac{c^2}{a} + \frac{c^2}{b} = \frac{p^2q - 2q^2 - pr}{r}$$

$$\frac{ab}{c} + \frac{bc}{a} + \frac{ca}{b} = \frac{q^2 - 2pr}{r}$$

VIÈTE INTERFERENCES - 3

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = q, abc = r$$

$$\frac{(a-b)^2}{a+b} + \frac{(b-c)^2}{b+c} + \frac{(c-a)^2}{c+a} = \frac{2(p^2q - 3pr - 2q^2)}{pq - r}$$

$$\left(\frac{b}{a} + \frac{c}{b} + \frac{a}{c}\right)\left(\frac{a}{b} + \frac{b}{c} + \frac{c}{a}\right) = \frac{q^3 + p^3r - 6pqr + 9r^2}{r^2}$$

$$(b-a)^2 + (c-b)^2 + (a-c)^2 = 2p^2 - 4q$$

$$(b-a)^3 + (c-b)^3 + (a-c)^3 = 2p^3 - 3pq - 3r$$

$$(b-a)^2(c-b)^2(a-c)^2 = p^2q^2 - 4p^3r - 4q^3 + 18pqr - 27r^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} a^5b^2 + b^5a^2 + a^5c^2 + c^5a^2 + b^5c^2 + c^5b^2 &= \\ = p^3q^2 - 2p^4r - 3pq^3 + 6p^2qr + 3q^2r - 7pr^2 \end{aligned}$$

VIÈTE INTERFERENCES - 4

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = q, abc = r$$

$$a^3b^3 + b^3c^3 + c^3a^3 = q^3 - 3pqr + 3r^2$$

$$a^4b^4 + b^4c^4 + c^4a^4 = q^4 - 4pq^2r + 2p^2r^2 + 4qr^2$$

$$p^2 \geq 3q, p^3 \geq 27r, q^2 \geq 3pr, pq \geq 9r$$

$$2p^3 + 9r \geq 7pq, p^2 + 3pr \geq 4q^2$$

$$r \geq \max\left(0, \frac{p(4q - p^2)}{4}, \frac{(4q - p^2)(p^2 - q)}{6p}\right)$$

PQR METHOD - 1

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = \frac{p^2 - q^2}{3}, abc = r$$

$$a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = \frac{p^2 + 2q^2}{3}$$

$$a^3 + b^3 + c^3 = pq^2 + 3r$$

$$ab(a + b) + bc(b + c) + ca(c + a) = \frac{p(p^2 - q^2)}{3} - 3r$$

$$(a + b)(b + c)(c + a) = \frac{p(p^2 - q^2)^2}{3} - r$$

$$ab(a^2 + b^2) + bc(b^2 + c^2) + ca(c^2 + a^2) = \frac{(p^2 + 2q^2)(p^2 - q^2)}{9} - pr$$

$$a^4 + b^4 + c^4 = \frac{-p^4 + 8p^2q^2 + 2q^4}{9} + 4pr$$

PQR METHOD - 2

If

$$a + b + c = p, ab + bc + ca = \frac{p^2 - q^2}{3}, abc = r, q \geq 0$$

then:

$$\frac{(p + q)^2(p - 2q)}{27} \leq r \leq \frac{(p - q)^2(p + 2q)}{27}$$

If $a + b + c = 1$ then:

$$\frac{(1 + q)^2(1 - 2q)}{27} \leq r \leq \frac{(1 - q)^2(1 + 2q)}{27}$$

If $abc = 1$ then:

$$\frac{(p + q)^2(p - 2q)}{27} \leq 1 \leq \frac{(p - q)^2(p + 2q)}{27}$$

EXPONENTIAL Inequalities

$$e^x \geq \left(1 + \frac{x}{n}\right)^n \geq 1 + x; \left(1 + \frac{x}{n}\right)^n \geq e^x \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{n}\right); n > 1; |x| \leq n$$

$$e^x \geq x^e; (\forall)x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{x^n}{n!} + 1 \leq e^x \leq \left(1 + \frac{x}{n}\right)^{n+\frac{x}{2}}; x, n \in (0, \infty)$$

$$e^x \geq 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}; x \geq 0; e^x \leq 1 + x + \frac{x^2}{2}; x \leq 0$$

$$e^{-x} \leq 1 - \frac{x}{2}; x \in [0, 1,59], 2^{-x} \leq 1 - \frac{x}{2}; x \in [0, 1]$$

$$\frac{1}{2-x} < x^x < x^2 - x + 1; x \in (0, 1)$$

$$x^{\frac{1}{r}}(x-1) \leq rx \left(x^{\frac{1}{r}} - 1\right); x, r \in [1, \infty)$$

$$x^y + y^x > 1; e^x > \left(1 + \frac{x}{y}\right)^y > e^{\frac{xy}{x+y}}; x, y \in (0, \infty)$$

$$2 - y - e^{-x-y} \leq 1 + x \leq y + e^{x-y}; x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$e^x \leq x + e^{x^2}; x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

LOGARITHMIC Inequalities

$$\frac{x-1}{x} \leq \ln x \leq \frac{x^2-1}{2x} \leq x-1; \ln x \leq n \left(x^{\frac{1}{n}} - 1\right); x, n \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{2x}{1+x} \leq \ln(1+x) \leq \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}}; x \geq 0$$

$$\frac{2x}{1+x} \geq \ln(1+x) \geq \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}}; x \in (-1, 0]$$

$$\ln(n+1) < \frac{1}{n} + \ln n \leq \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{i} \leq 1 + \ln n$$

$$\ln(1+x) \geq \frac{x}{2}; x \in [0, 2,51], \ln(1+x) \leq \frac{x}{2}; x \in (-1, 0] \cup (2,51, \infty)$$

$$\ln(1+x) \geq x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{4}; x \in [0, 0,45]$$

$$\ln(1+x) \leq x - \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{4}; x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (0,45; \infty)$$

$$\ln(1-x) \geq -x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{2}; x \in [0, 0,43]$$

$$\ln(1-x) \leq -x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{2}; x \in (-\infty, 0) \cup (0,43; 1)$$

BINOMIAL Inequalities

$$\max \left\{ \frac{n^k}{k^k}; \frac{(n-k+1)^k}{k!} \right\} \leq \binom{n}{k} \leq \frac{n^k}{k!} \leq \frac{(en)^k}{k^k}$$

$$\binom{n}{k} \leq \frac{n^n}{k^k(n-k)^{n-k}} \leq 2^n, \frac{n^k}{4k!} \leq \binom{n}{k}$$

$$\text{for } \sqrt{n} \geq k \geq 0$$

$$\frac{4^n}{\sqrt{\pi n}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{8n}\right) \leq \binom{2n}{n} \leq \frac{4^n}{\sqrt{\pi n}} \left(1 - \frac{1}{9n}\right)$$

$$\binom{n_1}{k_1} \binom{n_2}{k_2} \leq \binom{n_1+n_2}{k_1+k_2} \text{ for } n_1 \geq k_1 \geq 0; n_2 \geq k_2 \geq 0$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2} G \leq \binom{n}{\alpha n} \leq G; G = \frac{2^n H(\alpha)}{\sqrt{2\pi n \alpha(1-\alpha)}};$$

$$H(x) = -\log_2(x^x(1-x)^{1-x})$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^d \binom{n}{i} \leq n^d + 1; \sum_{i=0}^d \binom{n}{i} \leq 2^n; n \geq d \geq 0$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^d \binom{n}{i} \leq \left(\frac{en}{d}\right)^d; n \geq d \geq 1$$

$$\sum_{i=0}^d \binom{n}{i} \leq \binom{n}{d} \left(1 + \frac{d}{n-2d+1}\right); \frac{n}{2} \geq d \geq 0$$

$$\binom{n}{\alpha n} \leq \sum_{i=0}^{\alpha n} \binom{n}{i} \leq \frac{1-\alpha}{1-2\alpha} \binom{n}{\alpha n}; \alpha \in \left(0, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

GIBBS'S Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i \ln \left(\frac{a_i}{b_i}\right) \geq a \ln \left(\frac{a}{b}\right); a_i > 0; b_i > 0 \\ i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \\ \sum_{i=1}^n a_i f \left(\frac{b_i}{a_i}\right) \leq a f \left(\frac{b}{a}\right); f \text{ concave;} \end{array} \right.$$

$$a = a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n; b = b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_n$$

KANTOROVICH's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \right) \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i^2 \right) \leq \frac{(m+M)^2}{4mM} \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \right)^2 \\ x_i, y_i \in (0, \infty); 0 < m \leq \frac{x_i}{y_i} \leq M < \infty \\ i \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right.$$

KARAMATA's Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} a_1 \geq b_1; a_1 + a_2 \geq b_1 + b_2; a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_{n-1} \geq b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_{n-1} \\ a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_n; f \text{ convex} \\ f(a_1) + f(a_2) + \dots + f(a_n) \geq f(b_1) + f(b_2) + \dots + f(b_n) \end{array} \right.$$

MURRAY-KLAMKIN Inequality

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n (1+a_i)}{(1+n)^n} \geq \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n (1-a_i)}{(n-1)^n}; n \geq 2 \\ a_i \in (0, \infty); i \in \overline{1, n}; a_1 + a_2 + \dots + a_n = 1; n \in \mathbb{N}^* \end{array} \right.$$

KURLIANCIK's Inequality

$$\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{i}{\frac{1}{a_1} + \frac{1}{a_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{a_i}} < 2 \sum_{i=1}^n a_i; a_i > 0$$

TIBERIU POPOVICIU's Inequality

$$\frac{1}{3}(f(x) + f(y) + f(z)) + f\left(\frac{x+y+z}{3}\right) \geq \frac{2}{3}\left[f\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right) + f\left(\frac{y+z}{2}\right) + f\left(\frac{z+x}{2}\right)\right]$$

$f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ convex}$

DIAZ-METCALF Inequality

$$\sum_{k=1}^n b_k^2 + mM \sum_{k=1}^n a_k^2 \leq (m+M) \sum_{k=1}^n a_k b_k$$

$$a_k, b_k \in \mathbb{R}^*; m \leq \frac{a_k}{b_k} \leq M; k \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

GREUB-RHEIBOLDT Inequality

$$[a, A]; [b, B] \subset (0, \infty); x_k \in [a, A]; y_k \in [b, B]; t_k \in \mathbb{R}; k \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\left(\sum_{k=1}^n t_k x_k^2\right)\left(\sum_{k=1}^n t_k y_k^2\right) \leq \frac{(ab + AB)^2}{4abAB} \left(\sum_{k=1}^n t_k x_k y_k\right)^2$$

POLYA-SZEGO Inequality

$[a, A]; [b, B] \subset (0, \infty); x_k \in [a, A]; y_k \in [b, B]; t_k \in \mathbb{R}; k \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

$$\left(\sum_{k=1}^n x_k^2\right)\left(\sum_{k=1}^n y_k^2\right) \leq \frac{(ab + AB)^2}{4abAB} \left(\sum_{k=1}^n x_k y_k\right)^2$$

SCHWEITZER's Inequality

$[m, M] \subset (0, \infty); x_k \in [m, M]; k \in \overline{1, n}; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

$$\left(\sum_{k=1}^n x_k\right)\left(\sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{x_k}\right) \leq \frac{(m + M)^2}{4mM} n^2$$

HLAWKA's Inequality

$|x + y + z| + |x| + |y| + |z| \geq |x + y| + |y + z| + |z + x|; x, y, z \in \mathbb{C}$

ABEL's Inequality

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i = \sum_{i=1}^n (a_i - a_{i+1})(b_1 + b_2 + \dots + b_i)$$

BECKENBACH's Inequality

$$\frac{\sum_{k=1}^n (x_k + y_k)^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n x_k + \sum_{k=1}^n y_k} \leq \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n x_k^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n x_k} + \frac{\sum_{k=1}^n y_k^2}{\sum_{k=1}^n y_k}$$

$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, y_1, y_2, \dots, y_n > 0; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$

USEFUL INEQUALITIES

$${}^n\sqrt{n} < 1 + \sqrt{\frac{2}{n}}; n \geq 2; {}^n\sqrt{n!} > \frac{n}{e}; n \geq 1$$

$$\frac{2}{\sqrt[k]{n+1} + \sqrt[k]{n-1}} > \frac{1}{\sqrt[k]{n}}; k \geq 2; n \geq 1$$

$$\frac{\tan x}{x} > \frac{x}{\sin x}; x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right); \sin x + \tan x > 2x; x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} - x \geq \cos x; x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right), \cos x \geq 1 - \frac{x^2}{2}; x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$x - \sin x \leq x^3; x \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right), \tan x - x \leq x^2; x \in [0, 1)$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 2}{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} \geq 2; x \in \mathbb{R}; \frac{x^2}{1 + x^4} \leq \frac{1}{2}; x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$2\sqrt{x + y} \geq \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}; x + y \geq \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + y^2}{2}} + \sqrt{xy}$$

$$\frac{x}{x^2 + yz} \leq \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{1}{y} + \frac{1}{z} \right); \frac{x}{\sqrt{y}} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{x}} \geq \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y}$$

$$\frac{x + y}{4} + \frac{xy}{x + y} - \sqrt{xy} \leq \frac{x - y}{2}; x \geq y > 0; \frac{\sqrt{x - 1}}{x} \leq \frac{1}{2}; x \geq 1;$$

$$x + y \geq \sqrt{\frac{x^2 + y^2}{2}} + \sqrt{xy}; x, y \geq 0$$

$$x^3 + y^3 + z^3 \geq 3xyz; x, y, z \in [0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{(1 + x)^2} + \frac{1}{(1 + y)^2} \geq \frac{1}{1 + xy}; x, y \in (0, \infty); xy \geq 1$$

$$\frac{x^3 + y^3}{x^2 + xy + y^2} \geq \frac{x + y}{3}; x, y \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\frac{x^3}{x^2 + xy + y^2} \geq \frac{2x - y}{3}; x, y \in (0, \infty)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + xy + y^2} \geq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}(x + y); x, y \in [0, \infty)$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + xy + y^2} \leq \sqrt{3(x^2 - xy + y^2)}; x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$x^4 + y^4 \leq \frac{x^6}{y^2} + \frac{y^6}{x^2}; x, y \in \mathbb{R}^*$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x^2 + 2} \leq \frac{1}{2}; x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{3(x^4 + y^4)}{2(x^2 + xy + y^2)} \geq x^2 - xy + y^2 \geq xy; x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x+1} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+2}}; x \in \mathbb{N}^*, \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{x}} < \frac{2x-1}{x}; x > 2$$

$$1 < \sqrt[k]{k} \leq \sqrt[3]{3}; k \geq 4, e^x + e^y + \frac{1}{e^{x+y}} \geq 3; x, y \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} \leq 2\sqrt{\frac{x+y}{2}}; x, y \geq 0, n^n \leq (n!)^2; n \in \mathbb{N}^*$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{z-t} \geq 1; x, y, z, t \in \mathbb{R}^*$$

$$\tan x \geq x \geq \sin x \geq \frac{x}{x+1}; x \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$(x+y)(x+z) \geq x(\sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z})^2; x, y, z \in [0, \infty), e^x \leq x + e^{x^2}; x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\frac{x^2 + y^2}{x + y} \geq \frac{x + y}{2}; x, y \in \mathbb{R}; x + y \neq 0$$

SCHWEITZER's Inequality – Integral Form

$a, b, m, M \in (0, \infty); a < b; m < M, f: [a, b] \rightarrow [m, M]; f$ continuous function

$$\left(\int_a^b f(x) dx\right) \left(\int_a^b \frac{1}{f(x)} dx\right) \leq (m + M)^2 (b - a)^2$$

KANTOROVICH's Inequality – Integral Form

$a, b, m, M \in (0, \infty); a < b; m < M$

$f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow [m, M]; h: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, f, g, h$ continuous functions

$$\left(\int_a^b (f \cdot h)(x) dx\right) \left(\int_a^b \left(\frac{h}{g}\right)(x) dx\right) \leq \frac{(m + M)^2}{4mM} \left(\int_a^b h(x) dx\right)^2$$

GREUB–RHEINBOLDT Inequality – Integral Form

$a, b, m_1, M_1, m_2, M_2 \in (0, \infty); a < b; m_1 < M_1; m_2 < M_2$

$f: [a, b] \rightarrow [m_1, M_1]; g: [a, b] \rightarrow [m_2, M_2], h: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R};$

f, g, h continuous functions

$$\left(\int_a^b (f^2 h)(x) dx \right) \left(\int_a^b (g^2 h)(x) dx \right) \leq \frac{(m_1 m_2 + M_1 M_2)^4}{4 m_1 m_2 M_1 M_2} \left(\int_a^b (f g h)(x) dx \right)^2$$

PÓLYA-SZEGŐ Inequality – Integral Form

$$a, b, m_1, M_1, m_2, M_2 \in (0, \infty); a < b; m_1 < M_1; m_2 < M_2$$

$$f: [a, b] \rightarrow [m_1, M_1]; g: [a, b] \rightarrow [m_2, M_2]$$

f, g continuous functions

$$\left(\int_a^b f^2(x) dx \right) \left(\int_a^b g^2(x) dx \right) \leq \frac{(m_1 m_2 + M_1 M_2)^2}{4 m_1 m_2 M_1 M_2} \left(\int_a^b (f g)(x) dx \right)^2$$

MEANS Inequality – Integral Form

$$m \leq \frac{b-a}{\int_a^b \frac{dx}{f(x)}} \leq e^{\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b \ln f(x) dx} \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x) dx; f: [a, b] \rightarrow [m, M]$$

CAUCHY-SCHWARZ Inequality – Integral Form

$$\int_a^b |f(x)g(x)| dx \leq \sqrt{\left(\int_a^b f^2(x) dx \right) \left(\int_a^b g^2(x) dx \right)}, f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

HÖLDER's Inequality – Integral Form

$$\int_a^b |f(x)g(x)| dx \leq \left(\int_a^b |f(x)|^p dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \left(\int_a^b |g(x)|^q dx \right)^{\frac{1}{q}}, p > 1; \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$$

MINKOWSKI's Inequality – Integral Form

$$\sqrt{\int_a^b [f(x) + g(x)]^2 dx} \leq \sqrt{\int_a^b f^2(x) dx} + \sqrt{\int_a^b g^2(x) dx}$$

$$\left(\int_a^b |f(x) + g(x)|^p dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \leq \left(\int_a^b |f(x)|^p dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} + \left(\int_a^b |g(x)|^p dx \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

$$p \geq 1; f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

CHEBYSHEV's Inequality – Integral Form

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ monotone to the contrary} \\ \int_a^b f(x)g(x)dx \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \left(\int_a^b f(x)dx \right) \left(\int_a^b g(x)dx \right) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f, g: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ monotone in the same sense} \\ \int_a^b f(x)g(x)dx \geq \frac{1}{b-a} \left(\int_a^b f(x)dx \right) \left(\int_a^b g(x)dx \right) \end{array} \right.$$

JENSEN's Inequality – Integral Form

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: [a, b] \rightarrow [m, M]; \varphi: [m, M] \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ } \varphi \text{ - convex} \\ \varphi \left(\frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x)dx \right) \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b \varphi(f(x))dx \end{array} \right.$$

YOUNG's Inequality – Integral Form

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} f: (0, \infty) \rightarrow (0, \infty) \text{ continuous and increasing} \\ a \in (0, \infty); b \in f((0, \infty)); f(0) = 0 \\ ab \leq \int_a^b f(x)dx + \int_0^b f^{-1}(y)dy \end{array} \right.$$

CAUCHY's Inequality – Integral Form

$$f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \text{ increasing, } f(a) \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x)dx \leq f(b)$$

HERMITE-HADAMARD Inequality – Integral Form

$$f \left(\frac{a+b}{2} \right) \leq \frac{1}{b-a} \int_a^b f(x)dx \leq \frac{f(a)+f(b)}{2}$$
$$f: [a, b] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; f \in C^2([a, b]); f \text{ convex}$$